

PID controller

TRM212

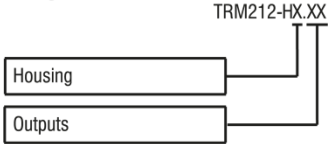
PID controller
Short guide

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1. Scope of delivery

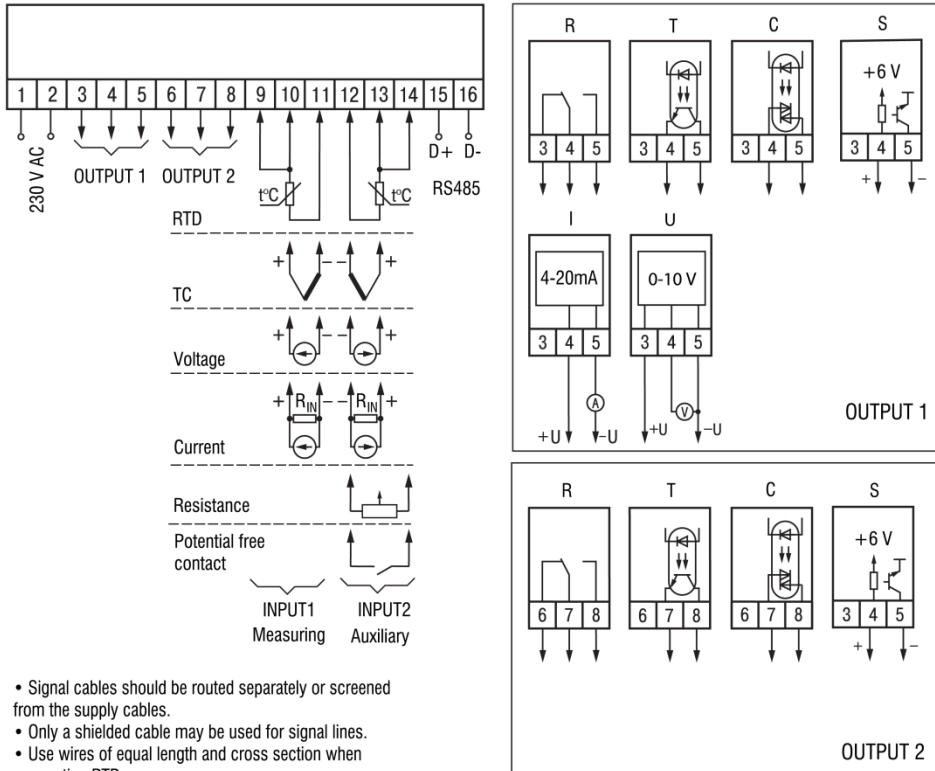
- TRM212 - 1
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- Mounting kit - 1
- Gasket - 1

2. Ordering information



- Housing:** H1 - panel mount (96 x 96 x 70 mm)
H2 - panel mount (96 x 48 x 100 mm)
H3 - wall mount (105 x 130 x 65 mm)
- Outputs:** R - Relay
T - NPN transistor
C - TRIAC
S - Solid state relay
I - 4-20 mA
U - 0-10 V

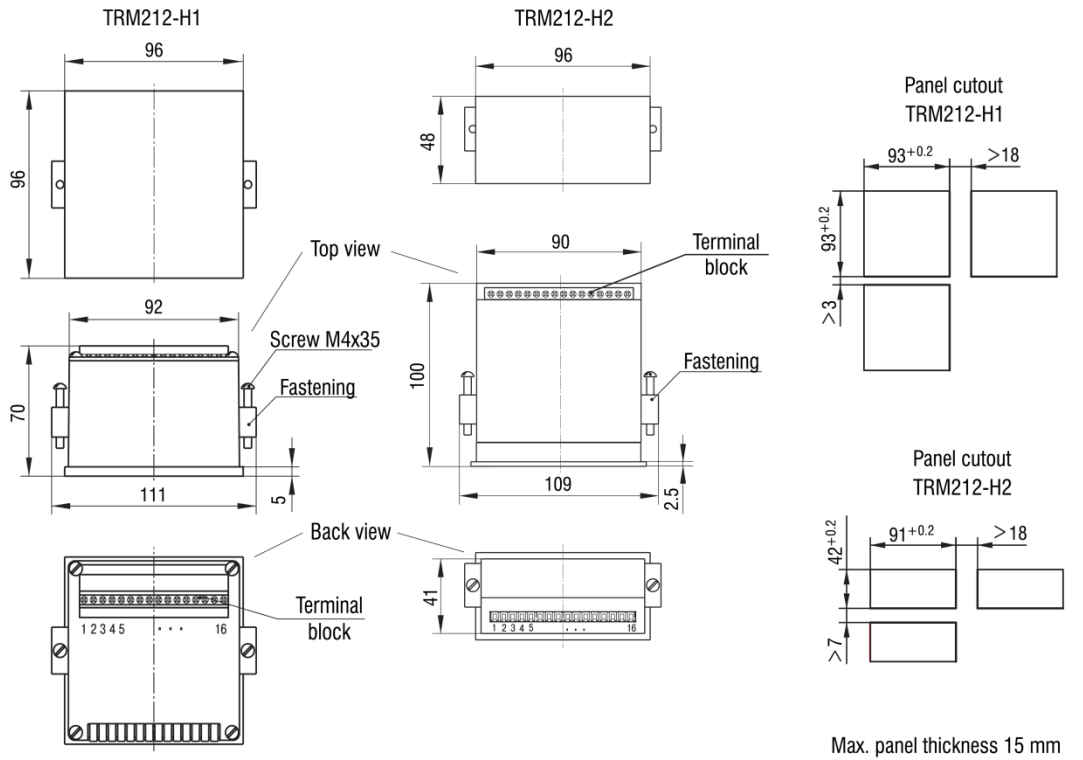
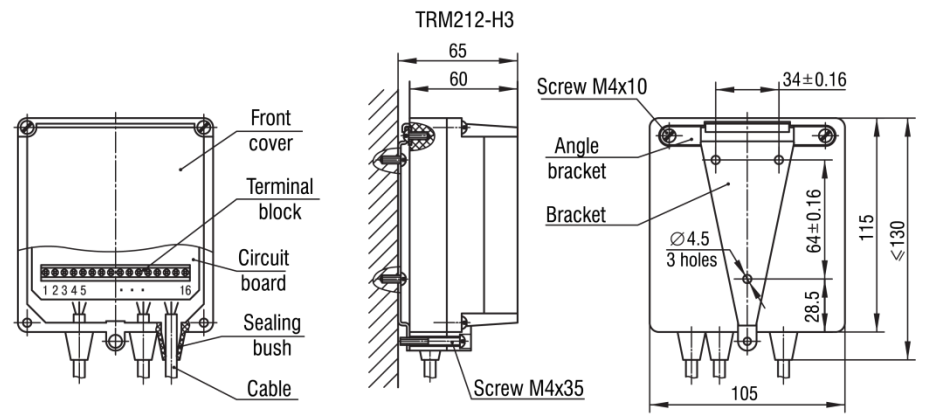
3. Wiring



- Signal cables should be routed separately or screened from the supply cables.
- Only a shielded cable may be used for signal lines.
- Use wires of equal length and cross section when connecting RTD.
- Use a thermocouple cable when connecting TC.
- Thermocouple sensing junctions of both channels must be isolated from each other and from the grounded equipment.
- Cold junction compensation (CJC) is provided.
- To measure a current signal a shunt resistor $R_{sh} = 100 \text{ ohm} (\pm 1\%)$ should be connected in parallel.

5. Dimensions

- To access the terminal block remove the front cover and disconnect the ribbon cable.
- Sealing rubber bushes should be trimmed to match the cable diameter.

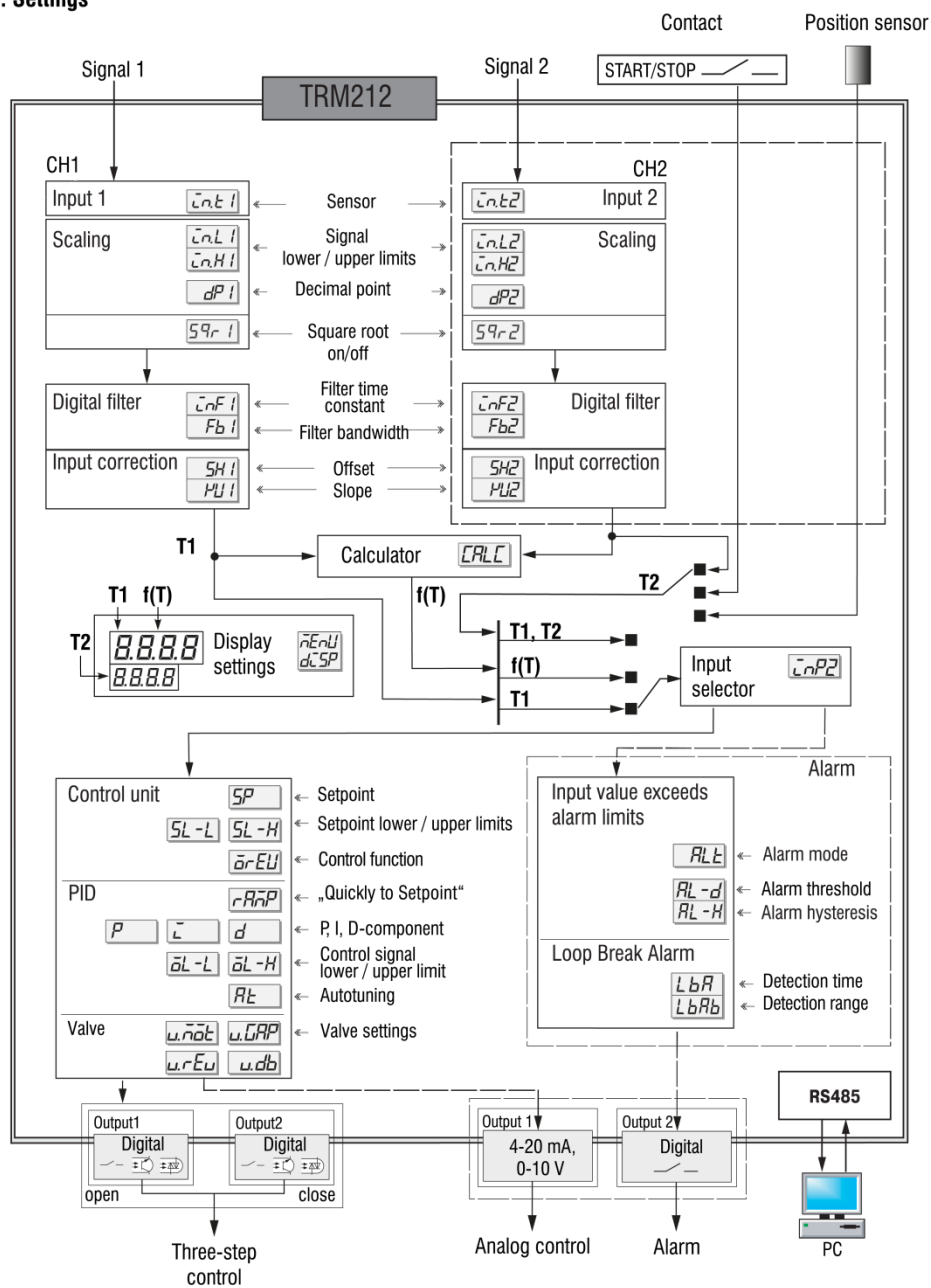


Max. panel thickness 15 mm

6. Safety

- Ensure that the device is provided with its own power supply line and electric fuse
- Ensure that the mains voltage matches the rated voltage specified on the nameplate
- Connect the power supply only after the wiring of inputs and outputs has been completed
- Do not use the device where it is subjected to flammable or explosive gases

4. Settings



7. Specifications

Table 1	
Power supply	230 (90...245) V AC, (47...63 Hz)
Power consumption, max.	6 VA
Inputs	
Optional inputs	2
Sampling rate, max.	1 s
Input resistance	4-20 mA: external resistor $R_{in} = 100 \text{ ohm}$ (in parallel) 0-1 V: $\geq 100 \text{ kohm}$
Basic error	RTD: $\pm 0.25\%$ TC: $\pm 0.5\%$ Linear signals: $\pm 0.5\%$
Digital input	1
ON resistance	$< 1 \text{ kohm}$
OFF resistance	$> 100 \text{ kohm}$
Outputs	
Optional output	2
Digital	Relay: 1 A (PID control) / 8 A (alarm) 30 V DC / 230 V AC, $\cos \phi \geq 0.4$ NPN transistor: 200 mA, 40 V DC TRIAC: 50 mA, 240 V AC (constant operation) 0.5A ($f \leq 50 \text{ Hz}$, pulse duration $\leq 5 \text{ ms}$) Solid state relay: 100 mA, 4...6 V DC
Analog	4-20 mA: 10...36 V, max. 1 kohm 0-10 V: 15...36 V, min 2 kohm
Network	
RS485 interface	Terminals: D+, D- Protocols: Modbus RTU/ASCII, akytec Baud rate: 2.4...115.2 kbit/s Cable: Shielded twisted pair (STP)
Housing	
Enclosure	H1 H2 H3
Dimension, mm	96 x 96 x 70 96 x 48 x 100 105 x 130 x 65
IP Code	front IP54 front IP54 IP44
Environmental conditions	
Ambient temperature	+1...+50°C
Storage temperature	-25...+55°C
Relative humidity	up to 80% (at +35°C, non-condensing)
Altitude	up to 2000 m above sea level

8. Inputs (parametrs in.t1, in.t2)

Table 2		
Display	Input signal	Measurement range
Linear signals		
$\overline{0-5}$	0 - 5 mA	0...100 %
$\overline{0-20}$	0 - 20 mA	0...100 %
$\overline{4-20}$	4 - 20 mA	0...100 %
$\overline{U-50}$	-50...+50 mV	0...100 %
$\overline{U0-1}$	0 - 1 V	0...100 %
RTD according to IEC 60751:2008		
$\overline{r-385}$	Pt50	-200...+750 °C
$\overline{r-385}$	Pt100	-200...+750 °C
RTD according to GOST 6651		
$\overline{r-391}$	50P	-200...+750 °C
$\overline{r-428}$	50M	-190...+200 °C
$\overline{r-426}$	Cu50	-50...+200 °C
$\overline{r-391}$	100P	-200...+750 °C
$\overline{r-428}$	100M	190...+200 °C
$\overline{r-426}$	Cu100	-50...+200 °C
$\overline{r-23}$	53M	-50...+200 °C
$\overline{r-46}$	46P	-200...+750 °C
TC according to IEC 60584-1:2013		
$\overline{E-J}$	J	-200...+1200 °C
$\overline{E-n}$	N	-200...+1300 °C
$\overline{E-P}$	K	-200...+1300 °C
$\overline{E-S}$	S	0...+1750 °C
$\overline{E-R}$	R	0...+1750 °C
$\overline{E-A1}$	A	0...+2500 °C
$\overline{E-E}$	T	-200...+400 °C
$\overline{E-b}$	B	+200...+1800 °C
TC according to GOST 8.585		
$\overline{E-L}$	L	-200...+800 °C
$\overline{E-A2}$	A-2	0...+1800 °C
$\overline{E-A3}$	A-3	0...+1800 °C

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9. Configuration

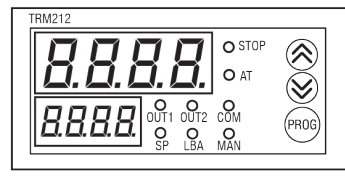
Upper display (red):
- Process value (Operation)
- Parameter name (Configuration)
- "MENU" (Menu)
- Error name (Error)

Lower display (green):
- Setpoint (Operation)
- Parameter value (Configuration)
- Parameter group (Menu)

LEDs:

"OUT1" - lights if Output 1 is ON
"OUT2" - lights if Output 2 is ON
"SP" - lights if setpoint manual setting is activated
"LBA" - blinks when Loop Break Alarm is activated

Control elements (H2)



"STOP" - lights when control is stopped by user
- blinks when control is stopped due to a hardware error or LBA
"AT" - lights when autotuning in progress
- blinks when autotuning failure
"COM" - flashes for 0.1 s on data transmission
"MAN" - lights when manual control is activated

Functional keys

- Increase value or menu navigation
- Decrease value or menu navigation
- press > 3 s - enter the configuration mode
- exit the parameter group
- press < 1 s - enter the parameter group
- save the parameter and go the next one

Key combinations

- passcode access
- manual control

Error messages

Table with 2 columns: Upper display, Description. Rows include Err.S (Input error), Err.P (Position sensor error), Err.L (Calculation error), Err.Rd (Conversion error).

Autotuning

To start the Autotuning set r-S=rUn and At=rUn. The approximate values of coefficients P, i, d and the parameters inF, CP, rAmP will be calculated. After the autotuning is successfully completed, the parameter At is set to StoP. The LED "AT" lights during the Autotuning. The autotuning should be carried out after the parameter rAmP, P, i, or d is changed.

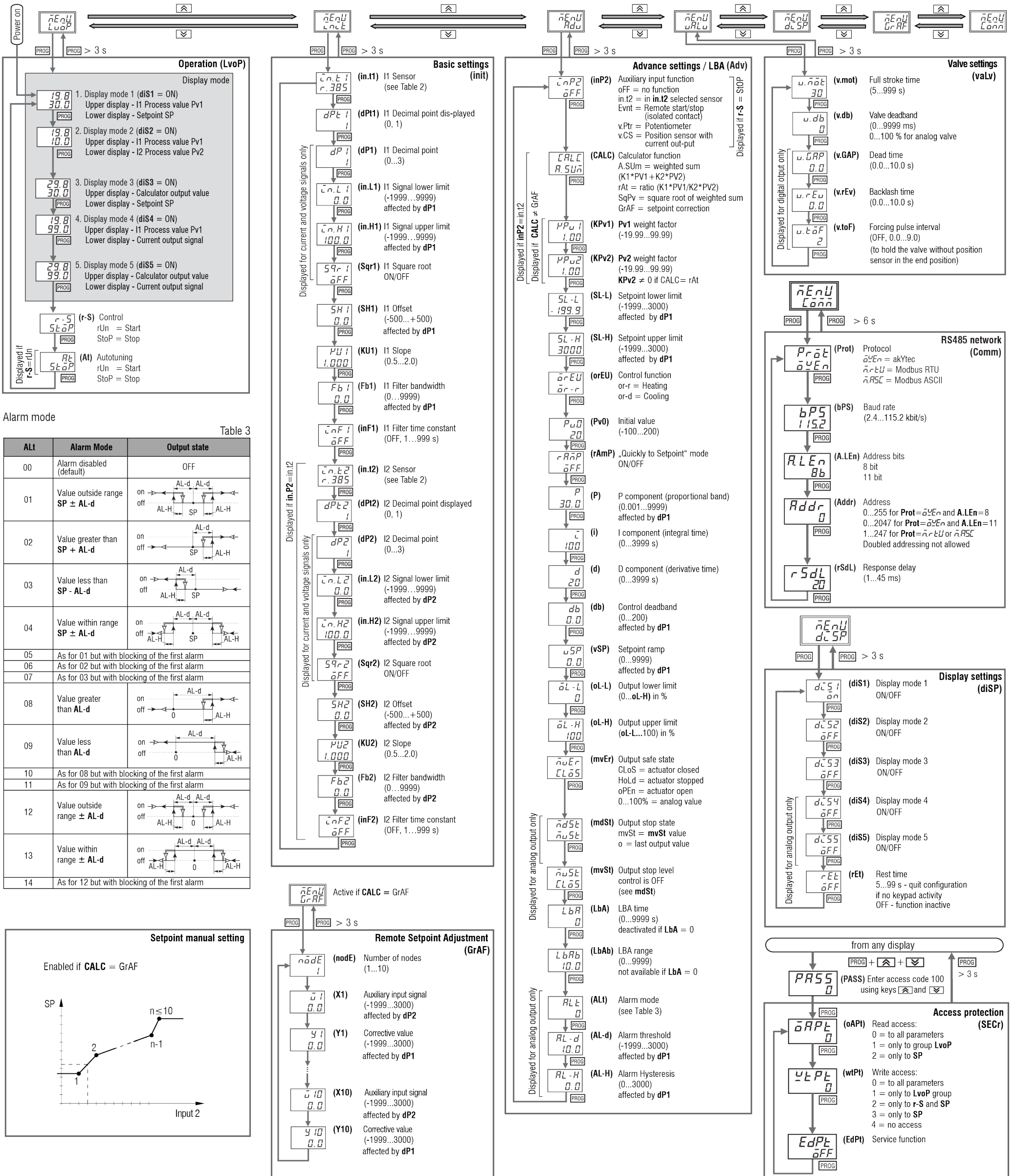


Table 3 Alarm mode

Table with 3 columns: ALt, Alarm Mode, Output state. It lists 14 different alarm modes and their corresponding output states, including value range alarms and blocking options.

